Richmond

Ruiz

Rush

T.

Roybal-Allard

Ruppersberger

Sánchez, Linda

Sanchez, Loretta

Ryan (OH)

Sarbanes

Schneider

Schrader

Serrano

Sherman

Slaughter

Smith (NJ)

Smith (WA)

Swalwell (CA)

Thompson (CA)

Thompson (MS)

Sinema

Speier

Takano

Tiernev

Titus

Tonko

Tsongas

Vargas

Veasey

Velázquez

Visclosky

Wasserman

Schultz

Wilson (FL)

Yarmuth

Vela

Walz

Waters

Welch

Wolf

Waxman

Van Hollen

Schiff

Schakowsky

Scott, David

Sewell (AL)

Shea-Porter

Lipinski

LoBiondo

Loebsack

Lowenthal

(NM)

(NM)

Maloney.

Carolyn

Maloney, Sean

Lynch

Maffei

Matsui

McCollum

McDermott

McGovern

McNerney

Meeks

Meng

Moore

Moran

Nadler

Neal

Nolan

Owens

Pallone

Pascrell

Pavne

Pelosi

Pocan

Polis

Pastor (AZ)

Perlmutter

Peters (CA)

Peters (MI)

Price (NC)

Quigley

Rangel

Reichert

Pingree (ME)

O'Rourke

Michaud

Miller George

Murphy (FL)

Napolitano

Negrete McLeod

Lujan Grisham

Luján, Ben Ray

Lofgren

Lowey

Eshoo

Esty

Farr

Fattah

Foster

Fudge

Gabbard

Gallego

Garcia

Gibson

Grayson

Grijalva

Hahn

Gutiérrez

Hanabusa

Heck (WA)

Higgins

Himes

Honda

Hoyer

Israel

Jeffries

Kaptur

Keating

Kelly (IL)

Kennedy

Kildee

Kilmer

Kind

Kuster

Langevin

Lee (CA)

Levin

Lewis

Larsen (WA)

Larson (CT)

Horsford

Huffman

Jackson Lee

Johnson (GA)

Johnson, E. B.

Holt

Hastings (FL)

Herrera Beutler

Green, Al

Green, Gene

Garamendi

Fitzpatrick

Frankel (FL)

#### [Roll No. 141]

AYES-229 Aderholt Graves (GA) Amash Graves (MO) Amodei Griffin (AR) Bachmann Griffith (VA) Bachus Grimm Barletta Guthrie Barr Hall Barrow (GA) Hanna Barton Harper Bentivolio Harris Bilirakis Bishop (GA) Hartzler Hastings (WA) Bishop (UT) Heck (NV) Black Blackburn Hensarling Holding Boustany Hudson Brady (TX) Huelskamp Huizenga (MI) Bridenstine Brooks (AL) Hultgren Brooks (IN) Hunter Broun (GA) Hurt Buchanan Bucshon Jenkins Johnson (OH) Burgess Johnson, Sam Byrne Calvert Jolly Cantor Jones Capito Jordan Joyce Kelly (PA) Carter Cassidy Chabot King (IA) Chaffetz King (NY) Coble Kingston Coffman Kinzinger (IL) Cole Kirkpatrick Collins (GA) Kline Collins (NY) Labrador LaMalfa Conaway Lamborn Cook Costa. Lance Cotton Lankford Latham Cramer Crawford Latta Crenshaw Long Cuellar Lucas Culberson Luetkemeyer Marchant Daines Davis, Rodney Marino Denham Massie Matheson Dent DeSantis McAllister McCarthy (CA) DesJarlais Diaz-Balart McCaul Duffy McClintock Duncan (SC) McHenry Duncan (TN) McIntyre Ellmers McKeon Farenthold McKinley Fincher McMorris Fleischmann Rodgers Meadows Fleming Flores Meehan Forbes Messer Fortenberry Mica Miller (FL) Foxx Franks (AZ) Miller (MI) Frelinghuvsen Mullin Mulvaney Gardner Murphy (PA) Garrett Gerlach Neugebauer Gibbs Noem Gingrey (GA) Nugent Gohmert Nunes Goodlatte Nunnelee Gosar Palazzo Gowdy Paulsen

### NOES-192

Pearce

Barber Bass Beatty Becerra Bera (CA) Bishop (NY) Blumenauer Bonamici Brady (PA) Braley (IA) Brown (FL) Brownley (CA) Bustos Butterfield Capps Capuano Cárdenas

Granger

Crowley Carney Carson (IN) Cummings Cartwright Davis (CA) Castor (FL) Davis, Danny Castro (TX) DeFazio Chu DeGette Cicilline Delaney Clark (MA) DeLauro Clarke (NY) DelBene Clay Cleaver Deutch Dingell Clvburn Doggett Cohen Connolly Doyle Edwards Ellison Convers Cooper Courtney Engel Enyart

Womack Woodall

Young (AK) Young (IN)

Yoder

Yoho

Perrv Peterson Petri Pittenger Poe (TX) Pompeo Posey Price (GA) Rahall Reed Renacci Ribble Rice (SC) Rigell Roby Roe (TN) Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY) Rogers (MI) Rohrabacher Rokita. Rooney Ros-Lehtinen Roskam Ross Rothfus Royce Runvan Ryan (WI) Salmon Sanford Scalise Schock Schweikert Scott (VA) Scott, Austin Sensenbrenner Sessions Shimkus Shuster Simpson Smith (MO) Smith (NE) Smith (TX) Southerland Stewart Stivers Stockman Stutzman Terry Thompson (PA) Thornberry Tiberi Tipton Turner Upton Valadao Wagner Walberg Walden Walorski Weber (TX) Webster (FL) Wenstrup Westmoreland Whitfield Williams Wilson (SC) Wittman

Benishek Hinojosa Olson
Camp Lummis Schwartz
Campbell McCarthy (NY)
Duckworth Miller, Gary

### $\square$ 1506

NOT VOTING-10

Mr. PAYNE changed his vote from "aye" to "no."

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

### THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. FLEISCHMANN). The unfinished business is the question on agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal, which the Chair will put de novo.

The question is on the Speaker's approval of the Journal.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

CONGRATULATING FIU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND COM-PUTING ON ITS 30TH ANNIVER-SARY

(Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to congratulate the College of Engineering and Computing at my alma mater, Florida International Univer-

sity, known as FIU, on its 30th anniversary of proven excellence in producing high-quality graduates.

The college was established with one mission in mind: to provide public access education to those interested in these fields and to serve as an instrument for economic development in our vibrant south Florida community. They have accomplished that and much more. From using nanotechnology to improve human health to building superior bridges, people's lives across the country are impacted each and every day in a positive way through FIU's STEM graduates.

FIU has also created many programs to encourage young students to pursue careers in STEM fields. Their latest innovative approach was to create an Accelerated Technology Magnet Program that would prepare low-income high school students for employment and educational options in computer science and information technology. I am certain FIU will continue to lead and produce more skilled professionals in these fields.

Go, FIU. Go, Golden Panthers.

# 193RD ANNIVERSARY OF GREEK INDEPENDENCE

(Mr. SARBANES asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SARBANES. Mr. Speaker, I rise today, March 25, to celebrate the 193rd anniversary of Greek independence. In Greek, we say "Long Live Greece, Long Live Freedom"—Zito Ellada, Zito Eleftheria—in recalling the day that the Greek people threw off the yoke of the Ottoman Empire and established modern Greece as a free and independent nation.

America's Founding Fathers drew upon the example of the ancient Greeks in forming our constitutional Republic, and modern Greece has been a staunch and dependable ally of the United States. Our relationship is based on shared democratic values and respect for individual freedom.

The spirit that guided the Greek people in securing their freedom nearly 200 years ago resides within them still. It is the reason I am confident that Greece will overcome the economic and humanitarian crisis that it faces today. The United States must and will stand as a strong partner in Greece's efforts to regain its footing, to take full advantage of new opportunities that are emerging in the eastern Mediterranean, and to move forward as a vital economic and cultural resource for a critical region of the world.

Knowing that America and Greece will stand together allows us to proclaim that both democracies will continue to live in freedom. Long Live Greece, Long Live America, Long Live Freedom—Zito Ellada, Zito Ameriki, Zito Eleftheria.

## SELL AMERICAN NATURAL GAS TO UKRAINE

(Mr. POE of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. POE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, the Napoleon of Siberia, Putin, controls Ukraine and other European countries by holding their energy needs hostage. Russia uses gas as a political and economic weapon to manipulate its neighbors.

This does not have to be, and the United States can change that.

By selling European countries our oil and gas, we can reduce their dependence on imperialist Russia. We have more gas than we can use here in the United States, and we could sell the gas we don't need to our allies in Europe. That would create jobs here in America and help our allies overseas.

The same goes for crude oil.

Mr. Speaker, my amendment that passed the House Foreign Affairs Committee today would require the State Department to submit a report to Congress within 90 days on the effect our increased natural gas and crude oil exports would have on Russia's economic and political influence over Ukraine and other European nations.

Ukraine has to get their oil and gas from someplace. Let's have them buy American and make the Russian bear Putin and his energy irrelevant.

And that's just the way it is.

### NATIONAL AGRICULTURE DAY

(Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, as a member of the House Agriculture Committee, I rise in support of the goals of National Agriculture Day, which is today, March 25.

Agriculture remains the number one industry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, supporting upwards of 63,000 family farms, generating more than \$67 billion in economic impact, and one in seven residents of Pennsylvania works in the agriculture sector.

While a good portion of America's population does not see firsthand where our food supply comes from, a wise man once told me that we shake hands with a farmer at least three times a day. This saying truly illustrates the importance of supporting agriculture, but equally the importance of supporting the future of agriculture and our future food security.

I had the pleasure of meeting with two officers of the Pennsylvania chapter of the Future Farmers of America earlier this morning. I commend them for their outreach efforts here in Washington to promote the goals of National Agriculture Day. Their advocacy in engaging the next generation to become farmers is crucial to ensuring our country has the most affordable, the highest quality, abundant, and safest food supply in the world.

CELEBRATING THE 100TH ANNI-VERSARY OF NORMAN BORLAUG'S BIRTH

(Mrs. BACHMANN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. BACHMANN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in celebration of National Agriculture Day. But also, today marks the 100th anniversary of the birth of a man who literally changed the world. His name is Norman Borlaug. He was born in an upstairs bedroom in northeast Iowa 100 years ago today. He went to the University of Minnesota, where he received a Ph.D. degree in plant biology.

While he was in a class dealing with plant genetics and the future options of increased food production, Norman Borlaug had that moment of divine genius. That is when he applied himself to work. And Norman Borlaug, because of 6,000 experiments in very difficult terrain, created a grain of wheat that literally changed the world.

Norman Borlaug is rightly credited with saving the lives of over 1 billion people, 1 billion people on this Earth because he dedicated his life and persevered to create strains of wheat which would grow in India, Pakistan, Africa, and places that never before could be able to uphold a grain of wheat. He did that in East Asia with rice.

Today we honor and recognize and celebrate the life of one American who did so much for 1 billion people across the world

### □ 1515

### OUR FIRST FREEDOM

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. DESANTIS). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 3, 2013, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. Gohmert) is recognized for 60 minutes as the designee of the majority leader.

Mr. GOHMERT. Mr. Speaker, this is an important day right across the street at the U.S. Supreme Court Building. It has been interesting. In the past, most of the time that I am aware of, when there was a matter coming before the Supreme Court, they observed what is called reciprocity, just as if a U.S. Senator wants to come down here and observe—they can't speak on the floor—but they can come to the House floor. In the same way, we have reciprocity with the Senate. We can go down to the Senate and stand in the Chamber and be there in person, as I have done when RAND PAUL was doing what amounted to a filibuster and when TED CRUZ was doing what amounted to a filibuster.

With the Supreme Court, normally, if there are Members of Congress that are going to be coming, they will reserve a bench. There have been a couple of times that the bench was full and other Members of Congress filled those spaces before I got there; but it has

been an observation that, since this body is charged with funding the Supreme Court and providing what they need and determining what they don't really need, it is part of reciprocity that they provide those places to observe what is happening.

I have been rather ambivalent. I can see both sides of the issues of cameras in the courtroom, because as a judge, murder trials, other things of interest, networks would want to come film. I had one case that went for 10 weeks. We have very strict rules. We only allow one camera in the courtroom. It could never be worked on during anything that was going on, and it could never be a distraction at all. But I saw how cameras could work in the courtroom without being any problem at all.

Here in Congress, I have fairly much taken the position that if a camera is going to be in the courtroom, leave it up to the courts. But with the United States Supreme Court, as I have seen this week, there would be no harm in having a camera somewhere in the courtroom where people didn't notice so that Americans could see—since we moved the Supreme Court toward being an oligarchy—we could see what they are doing, whether they are sleeping, whether they are participating, or whether they are asking stupid questions

I went over, and since I am sworn in as a member of the Supreme Court Bar, I was allowed to be in the overflow room and hear what was going on; so it was kind of difficult to really tell who was addressing what during the case that the Supreme Court was hearing this morning that I heard oral arguments on. This is an extremely critical case, and I couldn't tell which judge asked the questions, but when the Supreme Court is, in effect, expressing concern through their questions that a corporation, a for-profit corporation, could not possibly have firmly held religious beliefs, then it occurred to me, for Heaven's sake, this Justice Department doesn't seem to have a problem indicting corporations. So, if the Justice Department can indict a corporation and say they have an intent to violate the law, well, if that corporation can have intent with regard to violations of the law, it certainly ought to be able to form the intent to have firmly held religious beliefs.

It was shocking as I listened to questions from some of the Supreme Court Justices today, when that is compared with the history of the United States of America and Roger Williams, for example, whose statue has been moved last week, but how he formed Rhode Island because of his firmly held religious beliefs and his beliefs that there should be freedom of religion in America where the government does not interfere in any way.

You compare the beliefs of the Pilgrims who came from Holland to England and then here—they wanted religious freedom so they could serve the God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob;